

Apr 28, 1789

There was a mutiny on the
Bounty. As the crew of the British
ship led Capt. William Bligh
and 18 sailors were set adrift
in a launch in the South
Pacific

Apr. 21, 1789

John Adams was sworn in as the
1st Vice president of the U.S.

Apr 16, 1789

Pres.-elect Washington left Mount Vernon, Va.; for his inauguration in New York

Mar 4, 17 89

The Constitution of the U.S.
went into effect as the 1st
federal Congress met in New
York. (The lawmakers then
adjourned for lack of a quorum)

July 27, 1789

Congress established the Dept. of
Foreign Affairs, the forerunner
of the Dept. of State.

7 JAN 1789

FIRST PRESIDENTIAL
ELECTION

HELD

1ST NATIONAL ELECTORS

Mar. 4, 1789

U.S. Constitution went into effect
At the first session of the first
Congress, James Madison introduced
a bill of rights that paralleled
George Mason's declaration

1789

1912 Dates J-BK

(1759-1849) Nathan READ

American inventor. Born in
Warren, Mass. Was graduated at
Harvard (1781). Built a small boat
propelled by steam (1789) and a
carriage driven by the same motive
power (1790). Established an iron works
at Salem (1796) and made machinery
for the manufacture of nails, for
pumping, and for threshing. member

of Congress (1800-1803). Removed to Belfast, Me.
(1807). Read's multitubular boiler,
invented in 1789, also deserves mention.
He was one of the earliest inventors to
apply steam to the propulsion of
carriages & boats.

Apr 16, 1789

Washington said in his Diary
"About ~~ten~~ 10 o'clock I bade
adieu to moment Vernon, to
private life, and to domestic
felicity; and with a mind
oppressed with more
anxious and painful sensations
than I have words to
express, set out for New York...

with the best disposition to render service
to my country in obedience to its
call, but with less hope of answering
its expectations. "

1789

JACOBINS

The name applied to members
of a political group of the French
Revolution

This group founded in 1789
at Versailles France assumed a
religious guise by accepting for
membership persons from
religious orders

1912Dates^F J-BK

1789

(1749-1791) Honore Gabriel De Riquetti
Comte De Mirabeau

A French Statesman, orator, and
writer. Born at BIGNON, near Nismes.

He was imprisoned for debt and
was afterwards sentenced to death. This
sentence was subsequently revoked, and
Mirabeau in 1784 withdrew to London.
Returning to Paris, 9 mos later, he was twice
sent on government missions to Prussia

(1785 and 1787), and vigorously attacked NECKER'S financial methods. In 1789 he was elected to the State-General and from 1789 until his death, was one of the most important figures in the public affairs of France.

He was chosen president of the JACOBIN Club (1791) and shortly after, elected president of the National Assembly. He was one of the greatest French statesmen.

1789

Russia

Manner is unfaithful
Plato Zubov now the favorite